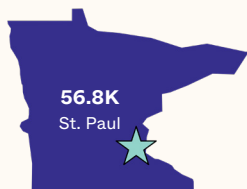


Immigrant population

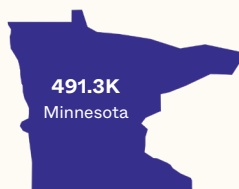
Immigrants make up an important part of local communities in St. Paul and Minnesota. Nonetheless, no noncitizen is exempt from the risk of deportation, which threatens the stability and family unity of immigrants and U.S.-born people alike.

St. Paul



56,800 immigrants reside in **St. Paul**, or **18 percent** of St. Paul's population.

Minnesota



491,300 immigrants reside in **Minnesota**, or **9 percent** of the total population.

Noncitizen population

20.3K

20,300 noncitizens are living in **St. Paul**.

199.2K

199,200 noncitizens are living in **Minnesota**.

Children and families

St. Paul

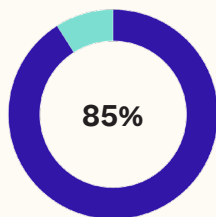
32.6K
children

There are **32,600** children in St. Paul with at least one **immigrant parent**.



1 in 2

One in two children in St. Paul has at least one **immigrant parent**.



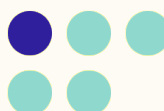
85%

The **vast majority of children** in St. Paul with at least one immigrant parent (**85 percent**) were born in the United States.

Minnesota

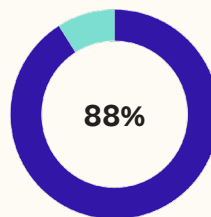
262.5K
children

There are **262,500** children in Minnesota with at least one **immigrant parent**.



1 in 5

One in five children in Minnesota has at least one **immigrant parent**.



88%

The **vast majority of children** in Minnesota with at least one immigrant parent (**88 percent**) were born in the United States.

Local community ties



47,500 immigrants residing in St. Paul have lived in the United States **for 10 years or more**.



At least **14,200** homes in St. Paul are **owned by immigrants**.



1,400 immigrants in St. Paul are **entrepreneurs**.



11,200 immigrants in St. Paul are **students** enrolled in pre-K through college or graduate school.

Immigrants in the economy

Immigrants in St. Paul, Minnesota, and the United States are indispensable members of the workforce and contribute to the economy by paying federal, state, and local taxes.

Tax contributions*

Minnesota

\$23.1B Immigrant-led households **earned \$23.1 billion**.

\$2.3B Immigrants contributed **\$2.3 billion** in combined **state and local taxes**.

\$3.9B Immigrants contributed **\$3.9 billion** in **federal taxes**.

\$17B This means that immigrant-led households have an estimated **\$17 billion** in **spending power**.

United States

\$2.35T Immigrant-led households **earned \$2.35 trillion**.

\$232.1B Immigrants contributed **\$232.1 billion** in combined **state and local taxes**.

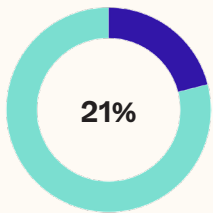
\$419.8B Immigrants contributed **\$419.8 billion** in **federal taxes**.

\$1.7T This means that immigrant-led households have an estimated **\$1.7 trillion** in **spending power**.

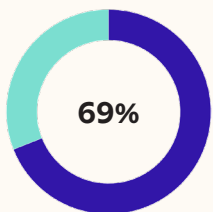
*Earnings, tax contribution, and spending power data reflect annual figures for 2023.

Employment and labor force participation

St. Paul

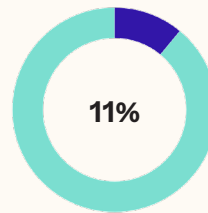


36,300 immigrant workers make up **21 percent** of the city's labor force.

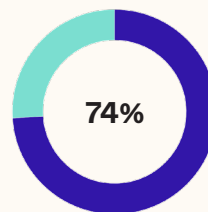


69 percent of the city's immigrants **participate in the labor force**, comparable to the share among the city's U.S.-born population (71 percent).

Minnesota



342,000 immigrant workers make up **11 percent** of the state's labor force.



74 percent of immigrants **participate in the state's labor force**, greater than the share among the U.S.-born population (68 percent).

Sources

The Integrated Public Use Microdata Series (IPUMS-USA):

Version 16.0 [dataset], Steven Ruggles, et al., Minneapolis, MN: IPUMS, 2025, <https://doi.org/10.18128/D010.V16.0>

Note: This analysis uses 2024 ACS 5-year PUMS data.

Tax contributions data from:

American Immigration Council:

"Map the Impact," available through <https://data.americanimmigrationcouncil.org/map-the-impact/> (accessed April 2026).