

Immigrant population

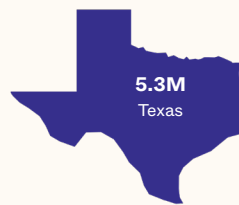
Immigrants make up an important part of local communities in Austin metro area and Texas. Nonetheless, no noncitizen is exempt from the risk of deportation, which threatens the stability and family unity of immigrants and U.S.-born people alike.

Austin metro area



393,800 immigrants reside in **Austin**, or **16 percent** of Austin's population.

Texas



5.3 million immigrants reside in **Texas**, or **18 percent** of the total population.

Noncitizen population

225.2K

225,200 noncitizens are living in **Austin**.

3.1M

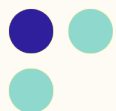
3.1 million noncitizens are living in **Texas**.

Children and families

Austin metro area

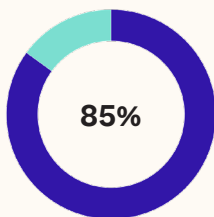
165.2K
children

There are **165,200** children in Austin with at least one **immigrant parent**.



1 in 3

One in three children in Austin has at least one **immigrant parent**.



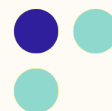
85%

The **vast majority of children** in Austin with at least one immigrant parent (**85 percent**) were born in the United States.

Texas

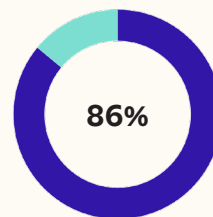
2.5M
children

There are **2.5 million** children in Texas with at least one **immigrant parent**.



1 in 3

One in three children in Texas has at least one **immigrant parent**.



86%

The **vast majority of children** in Texas with at least one immigrant parent (**86 percent**) were born in the United States.

Local community ties



307,100 immigrants residing in Austin metro area have lived in the United States for **10 years or more**.



At least **135,400** homes in Austin metro area are **owned by immigrants**.



21,900 immigrants in Austin metro area are **entrepreneurs**.



49,400 immigrants in Austin metro area are **students** enrolled in pre-K through college or graduate school.

Immigrants in the economy

Immigrants in Austin metro area, Texas, and the United States are indispensable members of the workforce and contribute to the economy by paying federal, state, and local taxes.

Tax contributions*

Texas

\$234.3B Immigrant-led households **earned \$234.3 billion**.

\$19.3B Immigrants contributed **\$19.3 billion** in combined **state and local taxes**.

\$38.8B Immigrants contributed **\$38.8 billion** in **federal taxes**.

\$176.3B This means that immigrant-led households have an estimated **\$176.3 billion** in **spending power**.

United States

\$2.35T Immigrant-led households **earned \$2.35 trillion**.

\$232.1B Immigrants contributed **\$232.1 billion** in combined **state and local taxes**.

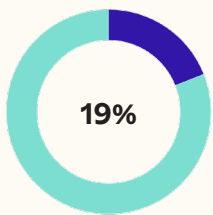
\$419.8B Immigrants contributed **\$419.8 billion** in **federal taxes**.

\$1.7T This means that immigrant-led households have an estimated **\$1.7 trillion** in **spending power**.

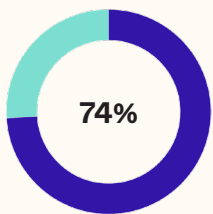
*Earnings, tax contribution, and spending power data reflect annual figures for 2023.

Employment and labor force participation

Austin metro area

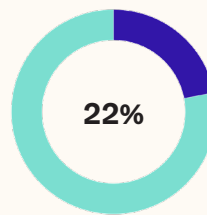


273,100 immigrant workers make up **19 percent** of the metro area's labor force.

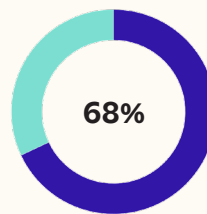


74 percent of the metro area's immigrants **participate in the labor force**, greater than the share among the metro area's U.S.-born population (70 percent).

Texas



3.4 million immigrant workers make up **22 percent** of the state's labor force.



68 percent of the state's immigrants **participate in the labor force**, comparable to the share among the state's U.S.-born population (65 percent).

Sources

The Integrated Public Use Microdata Series (IPUMS-USA):

Version 16.0 [dataset], Steven Ruggles, et al., Minneapolis, MN: IPUMS, 2025, <https://doi.org/10.18128/D010.V16.0>

Note: This analysis uses 2024 ACS 5-year PUMS data.

Tax contributions data from:

American Immigration Council:

"Map the Impact," available through <https://data.americanimmigrationcouncil.org/map-the-impact/> (accessed April 2026).